

The Family Tax Cut

Office of the Parliamentary Budget Officer March 17, 2015

Summary

- How FTC works and fiscal cost
- Majority of gains go to higher income households
- Small negative impact on labour supply
- Cap impact

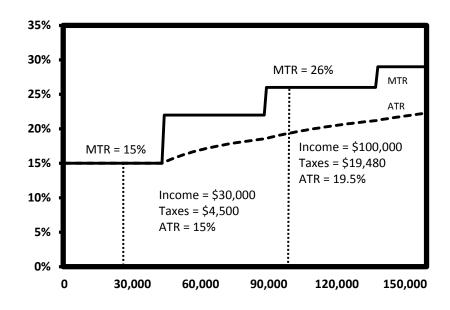
How Family Tax Cut (FTC) works

Eligibility

- Married or common-law
- Children aged 17 or younger
- Disparity in income and effective tax rates

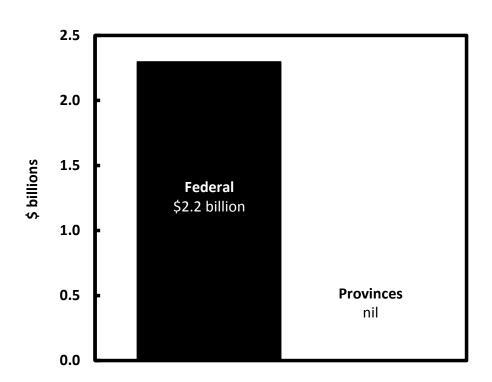
Mechanics

- Non-refundable tax credit
- A notional transfer of income
- Max transfer: \$50,000
- Max gains: \$2,000

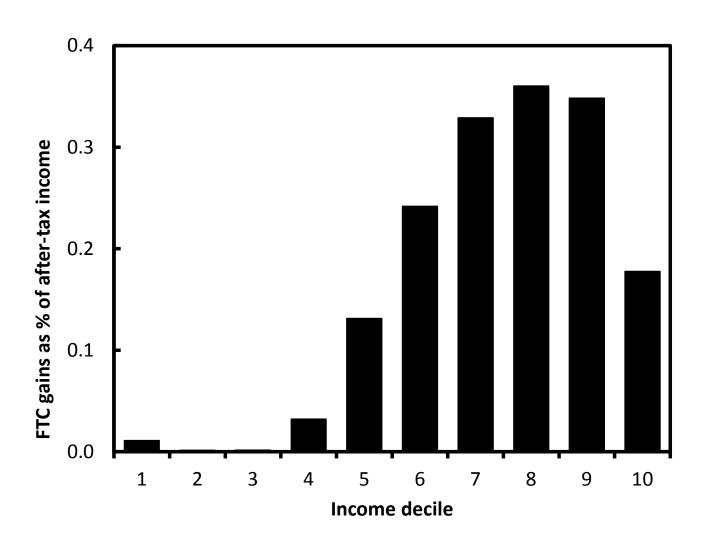


PBO projects a fiscal impact of \$2.2 billion in 2015

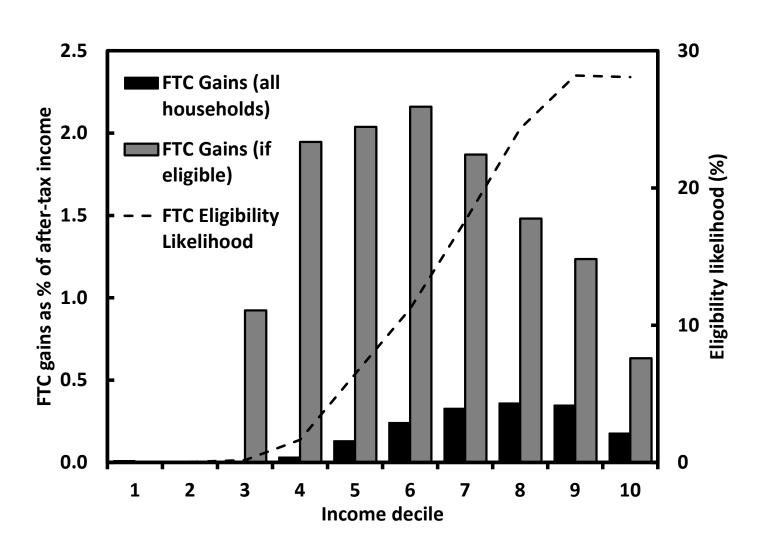
Fiscal Impact



Majority of gains go to higher income households

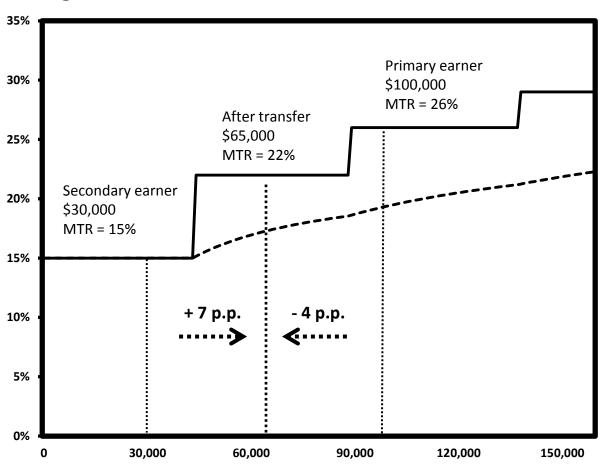


Eligibility drives distribution profile



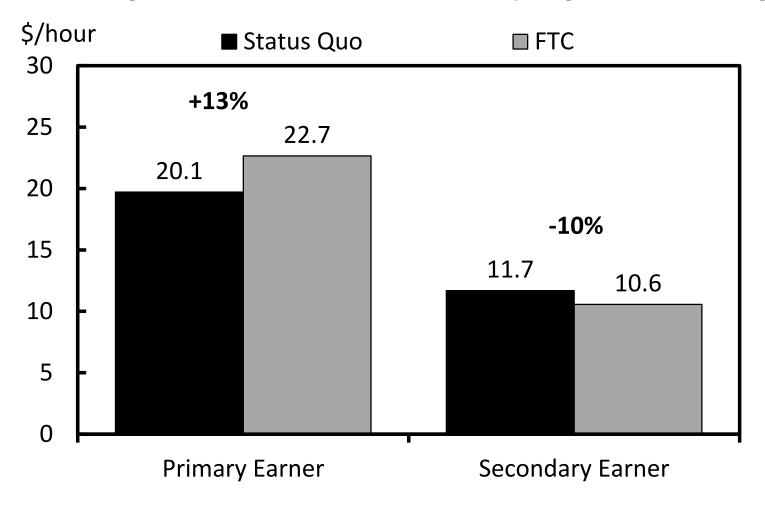
Effect on labour supply

Changes to marginal effective tax rates



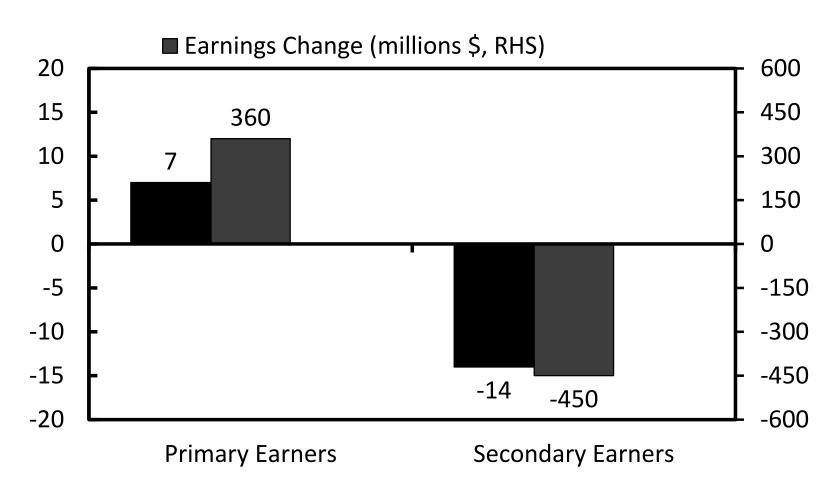
Opposing effects on each partner's effective wage

Effective wage on an additional hour of labour (marginal effective wage)



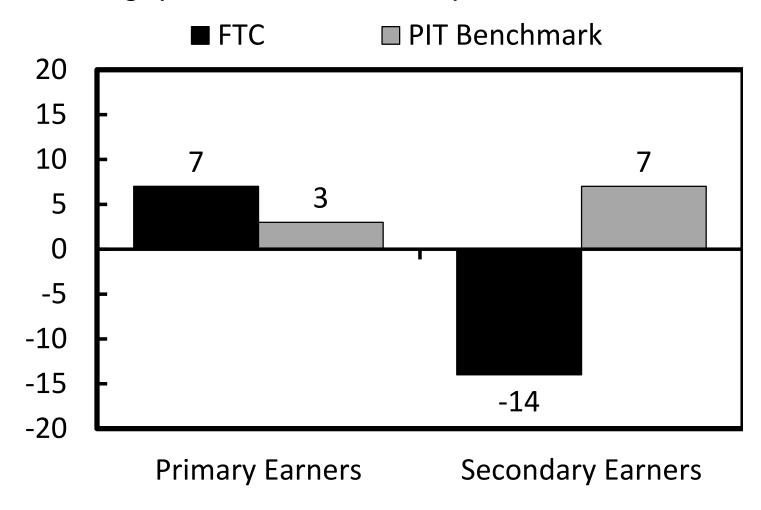
Small net negative outcome (- 7,000 FTEs) and (-\$90 million in labour income)

■ Hours Change (thousands of annual FTEs, LHS)



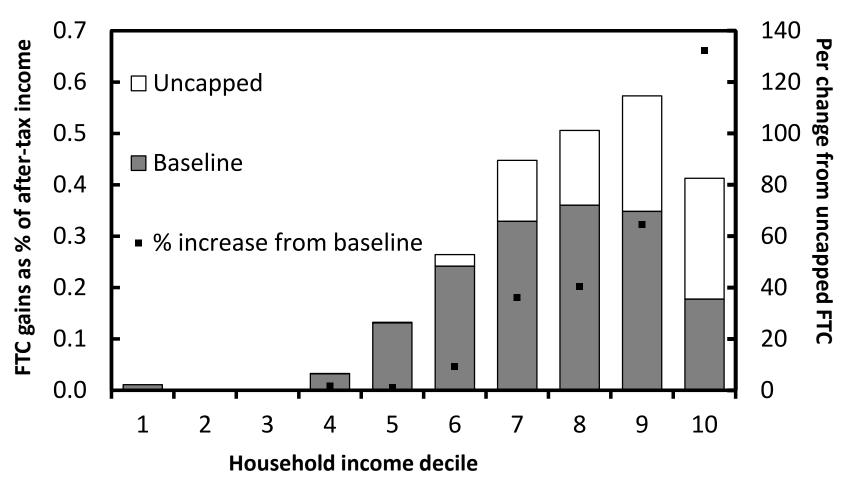
Effect on labour supply

Hours change (thousands of annual FTEs)



Cap limits gains to higher income households

Distributive effects of the cap



Questions about this report?

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